



The Convolution Sums $\sum_{m<\frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n-4m)$

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Abstract

In this paper, we calculate the convolution sum formulae of

$$\sum_{m<\frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n-4m)$$

for $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and an odd positive integer e and f . Moreover we obtain some identities induced from $\sum_{m<\frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n-4m)$ and deduce a coefficients relation.

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1 Introduction

For $n \in \mathbb{N}$, $s \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}$, $q \in \mathbb{C}$ with $|q| < 1$, we define the important divisor function and the infinite product sums, which also appear in many areas of number theory:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma_s(n) &= \sum_{d|n} d^s, & \Delta(q) &:= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tau(n)q^n = q \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - q^n)^{24}, \\
 A(q) &:= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a(n)q^n = \Delta(q^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} = q \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - q^{2n})^{12}, \\
 B(q) &:= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^n = (\Delta(q)\Delta(q^2))^{\frac{1}{3}} = q \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - q^n)^8(1 - q^{2n})^8, \\
 C(q) &:= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^n = (\Delta(q)^4\Delta(q^2))^{\frac{1}{6}} = q \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - q^n)^{16}(1 - q^{2n})^4, & (1.1) \\
 D(q) &:= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^n = (\Delta(q)^2\Delta(q^2)\Delta(q^4))^{\frac{1}{6}} = q^2 \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - q^n)^8(1 - q^{2n})^4(1 - q^{4n})^8, \\
 E(q) &:= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} e(n)q^n = (\Delta(q^2)\Delta(q^4))^{\frac{1}{6}} = q^3 \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - q^{2n})^4(1 - q^{4n})^{16}, \\
 F(q) &:= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f(n)q^n = \left(\frac{\Delta(q^4)^4}{\Delta(q)}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = q^5 \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} (1 - q^n)^{24}(1 + q^n)^{32}(1 + q^{2n})^{32}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Here we obtain the relation between $c(n)$ and $d(n)$:

Theorem 1.1. *Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Then we have*

$$e(n) = -\frac{1}{8} \left\{ d(n) - 32d\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - c\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right\}.$$

Theorem 1.1 enables us to express $e(n)$ with $c(n)$ and $d(n)$. Let $q \in \mathbb{C}$ be such that $|q| < 1$. The Eisenstein series $L(q)$, $M(q)$, and $N(q)$ are

$$L(q) = 1 - 24 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(n)q^n, \quad (1.2)$$

$$M(q) = 1 + 240 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n, \quad (1.3)$$

$$N(q) = 1 - 504 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^n \quad (1.4)$$

by ([1], p. 318). Lahiri ([2], p. 149) has derived the following identities from the work of Ramanujan [3] :

$$L^2(q) = 1 - 288 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^n + 240 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n, \quad (1.5)$$

$$M^2(q) = 1 + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n, \quad (1.6)$$

$$M^3(q) = 1 + \frac{65520}{691} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_{11}(n)q^n + \frac{432000}{691} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tau(n)q^n, \quad (1.7)$$

$$L(q)M(q) = 1 + 720 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^n - 504 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^n, \quad (1.8)$$

$$L^2(q)M(q) = 1 + 1728 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_3(n)q^n - 2016 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^n + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n, \quad (1.9)$$

$$L(q)M^2(q) = 1 + 720 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^n - 264 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^n, \quad (1.10)$$

$$N^2(q) = 1 + \frac{65520}{691} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_{11}(n)q^n - \frac{762048}{691} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tau(n)q^n, \quad (1.11)$$

$$L(q)N(q) = 1 - 1008 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^n + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n. \quad (1.12)$$

For $e, f, m, n \in \mathbb{N}$ we define

$$I_{m,e,f}(n) := \sum_{m=1}^{n-1} m\sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n-m) \quad \text{and} \quad I_{e,f}(n) := \sum_{m=1}^{n-1} \sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n-m).$$

Ramanujan [3] and Lahiri [2], [4] have shown that $I_{e,f}$ can be expressed as :

$$\begin{aligned} I_{1,1}(n) &= \frac{5}{12}\sigma_3(n) + \frac{(1-6n)}{12}\sigma_1(n), \\ I_{1,3}(n) &= \frac{7}{80}\sigma_5(n) + \frac{(1-3n)}{24}\sigma_3(n) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_1(n), \\ I_{1,5}(n) &= \frac{5}{126}\sigma_7(n) + \frac{(1-2n)}{24}\sigma_5(n) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_1(n), \\ I_{3,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{120}\sigma_7(n) - \frac{1}{120}\sigma_3(n), \\ I_{1,7}(n) &= \frac{11}{480}\sigma_9(n) + \frac{(2-3n)}{48}\sigma_7(n) - \frac{1}{480}\sigma_1(n), \\ I_{3,5}(n) &= \frac{11}{5040}\sigma_9(n) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_5(n) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_3(n), \\ I_{1,9}(n) &= \frac{455}{30404}\sigma_{11}(n) + \frac{(5-6n)}{120}\sigma_9(n) + \frac{1}{264}\sigma_1(n) - \frac{36}{3455}\tau(n), \\ I_{3,7}(n) &= \frac{91}{110560}\sigma_{11}(n) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_7(n) - \frac{1}{480}\sigma_3(n) + \frac{15}{2764}\tau(n), \\ I_{5,5}(n) &= \frac{65}{174132}\sigma_{11}(n) + \frac{1}{252}\sigma_5(n) - \frac{3}{691}\tau(n), \\ I_{1,11}(n) &= \frac{691}{65520}\sigma_{13}(n) + \frac{(1-n)}{24}\sigma_{11}(n) - \frac{691}{65520}\tau(n), \\ I_{3,9}(n) &= \frac{1}{2640}\sigma_{13}(n) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_9(n) + \frac{1}{264}\sigma_3(n), \\ I_{5,7}(n) &= \frac{1}{10080}\sigma_{13}(n) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_7(n) - \frac{1}{480}\sigma_5(n). \end{aligned}$$

And we have already obtained :

Proposition 1.1. *Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Then we have*

(a) *(See ([5], p. 155))*

$$I_{m,1,1}(n) = \frac{1}{24}n \{5\sigma_3(n) - (6n-1)\sigma_1(n)\},$$

(b) *(See ([5], p. 157))*

$$\begin{aligned} I_{m,1,3}(n) &= \frac{7}{240}n\sigma_5(n) - \frac{1}{40}n^2\sigma_3(n) - \frac{1}{240}n\sigma_1(n), \\ I_{m,3,1}(n) &= \frac{7}{120}n\sigma_5(n) + \left(\frac{1}{24}n - \frac{1}{10}n^2\right)\sigma_3(n), \end{aligned}$$

(c) *(See ([6], Theorem 3.3, Theorem 3.1), ([5], p. 155))*

$$\begin{aligned} I_{m,1,5}(n) &= \frac{1}{504}n \{5\sigma_7(n) - 6n\sigma_5(n) + \sigma_1(n)\}, \\ I_{m,3,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{240}n \{\sigma_7(n) - \sigma_3(n)\}, \\ I_{m,5,1}(n) &= \frac{1}{168}n \{5\sigma_7(n) - (12n-7)\sigma_5(n)\}, \end{aligned}$$

(d) *(See ([6], Theorem 3.8 (a), (b), Theorem 3.7, Theorem 3.5))*

$$\begin{aligned} I_{m,1,7}(n) &= \frac{1}{7200} \{33n\sigma_9(n) - 50n^2\sigma_7(n) - 15n\sigma_1(n) + 32\tau(n)\}, \\ I_{m,3,5}(n) &= \frac{1}{12600} \{11n\sigma_9(n) + 25n\sigma_3(n) - 36\tau(n)\}, \\ I_{m,5,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{8400} \{11n\sigma_9(n) - 35n\sigma_5(n) + 24\tau(n)\}, \\ I_{m,7,1}(n) &= \frac{1}{1800} \{33n\sigma_9(n) - 25n(4n-3)\sigma_7(n) - 8\tau(n)\}. \end{aligned}$$

Similarly, for $e, f, m, n \in \mathbb{N}$ we set

$$\begin{aligned} T_{m,e,f}(n) &:= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{2}} m\sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n-2m), \\ T_{e,f}(n) &:= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{2}} \sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n-2m), \\ U_{m,e,f}(n) &:= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n-4m), \\ U_{e,f}(n) &:= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} \sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n-4m). \end{aligned}$$

For example, in ([7], p. 45-54) we can see that

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{1,1}(n) &= \frac{1}{12}\sigma_3(n) + \frac{1}{3}\sigma_3(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{(1-3n)}{24}\sigma_1(n) + \frac{(1-6n)}{24}\sigma_1(\frac{n}{2}), \\
T_{1,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{48}\sigma_5(n) + \frac{1}{15}\sigma_5(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{(2-3n)}{48}\sigma_3(n) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_1(\frac{n}{2}), \\
T_{1,5}(n) &= \frac{1}{102}\sigma_7(n) + \frac{32}{1071}\sigma_7(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{(1-n)}{24}\sigma_5(n) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_1(\frac{n}{2}) - \frac{1}{102}b(n), \\
T_{3,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{2040}\sigma_7(n) + \frac{2}{255}\sigma_7(\frac{n}{2}) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_3(n) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_3(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{1}{272}b(n), \\
T_{5,1}(n) &= \frac{1}{2142}\sigma_7(n) + \frac{2}{51}\sigma_7(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{(1-2n)}{24}\sigma_5(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_1(n) - \frac{1}{408}b(n), \\
T_{1,7}(n) &= \frac{17}{2976}\sigma_9(n) + \frac{8}{465}\sigma_9(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{(4-3n)}{96}\sigma_7(n) - \frac{1}{480}\sigma_1(\frac{n}{2}) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{62}c(n) - \frac{16}{31}d(n), \\
T_{3,5}(n) &= \frac{1}{7440}\sigma_9(n) + \frac{4}{1953}\sigma_9(\frac{n}{2}) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_5(n) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_3(\frac{n}{2}) \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{248}c(n) + \frac{4}{31}d(n), \\
T_{5,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{31248}\sigma_9(n) + \frac{1}{465}\sigma_9(\frac{n}{2}) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_5(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_3(n) \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{496}c(n) - \frac{2}{31}d(n), \\
T_{3,7}(n) &= \frac{17}{331680}\sigma_{11}(n) + \frac{8}{10365}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{2}) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_7(n) - \frac{1}{480}\sigma_3(\frac{n}{2}) \\
&\quad + \frac{91}{22112}\tau(n) + \frac{368}{691}\tau(\frac{n}{2}), \\
T_{7,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{331680}\sigma_{11}(n) + \frac{17}{20730}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{2}) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_7(\frac{n}{2}) - \frac{1}{480}\sigma_3(n) \\
&\quad + \frac{23}{11056}\tau(n) + \frac{91}{1382}\tau(\frac{n}{2}).
\end{aligned}$$

Also we can find

$$T_{m,1,1}(n) = \frac{1}{48}n\sigma_3(n) - \frac{1}{48}n^2\sigma_1(n) + \frac{1}{12}n\sigma_3(\frac{n}{2}) + \left(\frac{1}{48}n - \frac{1}{12}n^2\right)\sigma_1(\frac{n}{2}) \quad (1.13)$$

in ([8], Theorem 4.1) and we can see that

Proposition 1.2. (See ([9], Theorem 1.1)) Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Then we have

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{m,1,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{1440} \left[n \left\{ 5\sigma_5(n) + 16\sigma_5(\frac{n}{2}) - 9n\sigma_3(n) - 3\sigma_1(\frac{n}{2}) \right\} + 4b(n) \right], \\
T_{m,3,1}(n) &= \frac{1}{720} \left[n \left\{ \sigma_5(n) + 20\sigma_5(\frac{n}{2}) - (36n - 15)\sigma_3(\frac{n}{2}) \right\} - b(n) \right],
\end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$T_{m,1,5}(n) = \frac{1}{17136} \left\{ 21n\sigma_7(n) + 64n\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - 51n^2\sigma_5(n) + 17n\sigma_1\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 1632d(n) + 51c(n) - 21nb(n) \right\},$$

$$T_{m,3,3}(n) = \frac{1}{16320} \left\{ 2n\sigma_7(n) + 32n\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - 34n\sigma_3\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - 544d(n) - 17c(n) + 15nb(n) \right\},$$

$$T_{m,5,1}(n) = \frac{1}{22848} \left\{ 4n\sigma_7(n) + 336n\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - 816n^2\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 476n\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 544d(n) + 17c(n) - 21nb(n) \right\}.$$

Furthermore, in ([7], p. 45–54) we can observe that

$$\begin{aligned} U_{1,1}(n) &= \frac{1}{48}\sigma_3(n) + \frac{1}{16}\sigma_3\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{3}\sigma_3\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{(2-3n)}{48}\sigma_1(n) + \frac{(1-6n)}{24}\sigma_1\left(\frac{n}{4}\right), \\ U_{1,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{192}\sigma_5(n) + \frac{1}{64}\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{15}\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{(4-3n)}{96}\sigma_3(n) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_1\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - \frac{1}{64}a(n), \\ U_{3,1}(n) &= \frac{1}{3840}\sigma_5(n) + \frac{1}{256}\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{12}\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{(1-3n)}{24}\sigma_3\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_1(n) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{256}a(n), \\ U_{1,5}(n) &= \frac{1}{408}\sigma_7(n) + \frac{1}{136}\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{32}{1071}\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{(2-n)}{48}\sigma_5(n) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_1\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \\ &\quad - \frac{19}{816}b(n) - \frac{26}{51}b\left(\frac{n}{2}\right), \\ U_{3,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{32640}\sigma_7(n) + \frac{1}{2176}\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{255}\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_3(n) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_3\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \\ &\quad + \frac{9}{2176}b(n) + \frac{9}{136}b\left(\frac{n}{2}\right), \\ U_{5,1}(n) &= \frac{1}{137088}\sigma_7(n) + \frac{1}{2176}\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{51}\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{(1-2n)}{24}\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_1(n) \\ &\quad - \frac{13}{6528}b(n) - \frac{19}{816}b\left(\frac{n}{2}\right), \\ U_{1,7}(n) &= \frac{17}{11904}\sigma_9(n) + \frac{17}{3968}\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{8}{465}\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{(8-3n)}{192}\sigma_7(n) - \frac{1}{480}\sigma_1\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \\ &\quad - \frac{109}{3968}c(n) - \frac{625}{248}d(n) - \frac{1058}{31}e(n), \\ U_{3,5}(n) &= \frac{1}{119040}\sigma_9(n) + \frac{1}{7936}\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{4}{1953}\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_5(n) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_3\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \\ &\quad + \frac{33}{7936}c(n) + \frac{99}{496}d(n) + \frac{63}{31}e(n), \\ U_{5,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{1999872}\sigma_9(n) + \frac{1}{31744}\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{465}\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_3(n) \\ &\quad - \frac{63}{31744}c(n) - \frac{99}{1984}d(n) - \frac{33}{124}e(n), \\ U_{7,1}(n) &= \frac{1}{3809280}\sigma_9(n) + \frac{17}{253952}\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{17}{744}\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{(2-3n)}{48}\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{480}\sigma_1(n) + \frac{529}{253952}c(n) + \frac{625}{15872}d(n) + \frac{109}{992}e(n), \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_{1,9}(n) &= -\frac{7}{16584}\sigma_{11}(n) + \frac{23}{5528}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{256}{22803}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{4}) + \frac{(10-3n)}{240}\sigma_9(n) \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{264}\sigma_1(\frac{n}{4}) - \frac{1589}{55280}\tau(n) - \frac{5790}{691}\tau(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{2562304}{691}\tau(\frac{n}{4}) + 61440f(n), \\
 U_{3,7}(n) &= \frac{121}{2653440}\sigma_{11}(n) + \frac{1}{176896}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{8}{10365}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{4}) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_7(n) \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{480}\sigma_3(\frac{n}{4}) + \frac{729}{176896}\tau(n) + \frac{6003}{11056}\tau(\frac{n}{2}) - \frac{71496}{691}\tau(\frac{n}{4}) - 1920f(n), \\
 U_{5,5}(n) &= \frac{1}{11144448}\sigma_{11}(n) + \frac{1}{176896}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{16}{43533}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{4}) + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_5(n) \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{504}\sigma_5(\frac{n}{4}) - \frac{351}{176896}\tau(n) - \frac{2505}{22112}\tau(\frac{n}{2}) - \frac{5616}{691}\tau(\frac{n}{4}), \\
 U_{9,1}(n) &= \frac{31}{5837568}\sigma_{11}(n) + \frac{1}{176896}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{31}{2073}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{4}) + \frac{(5-6n)}{120}\sigma_9(\frac{n}{4}) \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{264}\sigma_1(n) - \frac{671}{176896}\tau(n) - \frac{2505}{22112}\tau(\frac{n}{2}) - \frac{105314}{3455}\tau(\frac{n}{4}) - 240f(n).
 \end{aligned}$$

In this paper, we try to find some various convolution sum formulae of $U_{m,e,f}(n)$ and so obtain the following theorem :

Theorem 1.2. Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Then we have

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_{m,1,1}(n) &= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_1(n-4m) \\
 &= \frac{1}{384} \left[n \left\{ \sigma_3(n) + 3\sigma_3(\frac{n}{2}) + 16\sigma_3(\frac{n}{4}) - 2n\sigma_1(n) - 4(4n-1)\sigma_1(\frac{n}{4}) \right\} + a(n) \right],
 \end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_{m,1,3}(n) &= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_3(n-4m) \\
 &= \frac{1}{11520} \left\{ 5n\sigma_5(n) + 15n\sigma_5(\frac{n}{2}) + 64n\sigma_5(\frac{n}{4}) - 18n^2\sigma_3(n) - 12n\sigma_1(\frac{n}{4}) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 28b(n) + 512b(\frac{n}{2}) - 15na(n) \right\},
 \end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_{m,3,1}(n) &= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_3(m)\sigma_1(n-4m) \\
 &= \frac{1}{23040} \left\{ n\sigma_5(n) + 15n\sigma_5(\frac{n}{2}) + 320n\sigma_5(\frac{n}{4}) - 48n(12n-5)\sigma_3(\frac{n}{4}) - 16b(n) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 224b(\frac{n}{2}) + 15na(n) \right\},
 \end{aligned}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_{m,3,3}(n) &= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_3(m)\sigma_3(n-4m) \\
 &= \frac{1}{261120} \left\{ n\sigma_7(n) + 15n\sigma_7(\frac{n}{2}) + 256n\sigma_7(\frac{n}{4}) - 272n\sigma_3(\frac{n}{4}) - 272d(n) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 139264d(\frac{n}{2}) - 136c(n) - 4352c(\frac{n}{2}) + 135nb(n) + 2160nb(\frac{n}{2}) \right\},
 \end{aligned}$$

(e)

$$\begin{aligned} U_{m,5,1}(n) &= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_5(m)\sigma_1(n-4m) \\ &= \frac{1}{731136} \left\{ n\sigma_7(n) + 63n\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 5376n\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - 1088n(12n-7)\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 2992d(n) + 95744d\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 272c(n) + 2992c\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - 273nb(n) - 3192nb\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right\}, \end{aligned}$$

(f)

$$\begin{aligned} U_{m,1,7}(n) &= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_7(n-4m) \\ &= \frac{1}{2467699200} \left\{ 89280\sigma_{11}(n) - 89280\sigma_{11}\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 176205n\sigma_9(n) + 528615n\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right. \\ &\quad + 2122752n\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - 1071050n^2\sigma_7(n) - 1285260n\sigma_1\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + 4194920\tau(n) \\ &\quad + 802091520\tau\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - 235846238208\tau\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - 4043078369280f(n) \\ &\quad \left. + 215426160nd(n) - 16844037120nd\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - 3389355nc(n) - 526376160nc\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right\}, \end{aligned}$$

(g)

$$\begin{aligned} U_{m,7,1}(n) &= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_7(m)\sigma_1(n-4m) \\ &= \frac{1}{39483187200} \left\{ 22320\sigma_{11}(n) - 22320\sigma_{11}\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 2073n\sigma_9(n) + 528615n\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right. \\ &\quad + 180433920n\sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - 137094400n(4n-3)\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - 16473648\tau(n) \\ &\quad - 539786880\tau\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - 130733219840\tau\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - 1010769592320f(n) \\ &\quad \left. + 202490640nd(n) + 3470699520nd\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 16449255nc(n) + 108459360nc\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

In addition, using Theorem 1.2 we can easily obtain some identities induced from $U_{m,e,f}(n)$, which are introduced in the following theorem :

Theorem 1.3. For $q \in \mathbb{C}$ with $|q| < 1$, we have

(a)

$$\begin{aligned} L(q)L(q^4)N(q) &= 1 - \frac{510}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^n - \frac{1530}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^{2n} - \frac{6144}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^{4n} \\ &\quad + \frac{3816}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^n + \frac{4536}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^{2n} + \frac{36864}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^{4n} \\ &\quad - 432 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_5(n)q^n - \frac{444960}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^n + \frac{30468096}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^{2n} \\ &\quad + \frac{3672}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^n + \frac{952128}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^{2n} - \frac{7182}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^n \\ &\quad - \frac{314496}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^{2n}, \end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 L^2(q^4)N(q) = & 1 - \frac{63}{62} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^n - \frac{945}{62} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^{2n} - \frac{7680}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^{4n} \\
 & + \frac{378}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^n + \frac{2268}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^{2n} + \frac{18432}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^{4n} \\
 & - 108 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_5(n)q^n - \frac{63720}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^n - \frac{3055104}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^{2n} \\
 & - \frac{12771}{62} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^n - \frac{95472}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^{2n} - \frac{3591}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^n \\
 & - \frac{157248}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^{2n},
 \end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L^2(q^4) = & 1 - \frac{3}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^n - \frac{45}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^{2n} - 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^{4n} \\
 & + 18 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^n + 108 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^{2n} + 4032 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^{4n} \\
 & - 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_1(n)q^n - 4608 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_1(n)q^{4n} - \frac{9}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a(n)q^n,
 \end{aligned}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)M(q) = & 1 + \frac{504}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n + \frac{1512}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{2n} + \frac{6144}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{4n} \\
 & - 312 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^n - 360 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^{2n} - 3072 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^{4n} \\
 & + 432 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_3(n)q^n - \frac{1932}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^n - \frac{52608}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^{2n} \\
 & + 180 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} na(n)q^n,
 \end{aligned}$$

(e)

$$\begin{aligned}
 L^2(q^4)M(q) = & 1 + \frac{30}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n + \frac{450}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{2n} + \frac{7680}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{4n} \\
 & - 30 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^n - 180 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^{2n} - 1536 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^{4n} \\
 & + 108 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_3(n)q^n + \frac{1194}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^n + \frac{12576}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^{2n} \\
 & + 90 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} na(n)q^n,
 \end{aligned}$$

(f)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L(q)L(q^4)M(q^4) \\
 &= 1 + \frac{3}{34} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n + \frac{189}{34} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{2n} + \frac{8064}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{4n} - \frac{3}{4} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^n \\
 &\quad - \frac{45}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^{2n} - 4992 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^{4n} + 6912 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_3(n)q^{4n} \\
 &\quad - \frac{411}{34} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^n - \frac{1932}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^{2n} - \frac{45}{4} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} na(n)q^n,
 \end{aligned}$$

(g)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L(q^2)M(q)M(q^4) \\
 &= 1 - \frac{15}{62} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^n - \frac{993}{62} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^{2n} - \frac{7680}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^{4n} + \frac{45}{34} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^n \\
 &\quad + \frac{675}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^{2n} + \frac{23040}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^{4n} + \frac{59760}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^n \\
 &\quad - \frac{1912320}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^{2n} + \frac{3735}{62} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^n - \frac{59760}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^{2n} \\
 &\quad + \frac{6075}{34} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^n + \frac{97200}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^{2n},
 \end{aligned}$$

(h)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L(q)L(q^4)N(q^4) \\
 &= 1 - \frac{3}{992} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^n - \frac{765}{992} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^{2n} - \frac{8160}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^{4n} \\
 &\quad + \frac{9}{272} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^n + \frac{567}{136} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^{2n} + \frac{61056}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^{4n} \\
 &\quad - 6912 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_5(n)q^{4n} - \frac{12177}{62} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^n - \frac{58752}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^{2n} \\
 &\quad - \frac{14877}{992} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^n - \frac{1836}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^{2n} - \frac{2457}{272} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^n \\
 &\quad - \frac{3591}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^{2n},
 \end{aligned}$$

(i)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L(q)L(q^4)M^2(q) \\
 &= 1 - \frac{120}{691} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_{11}(n)q^n + \frac{16488}{691} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_{11}(n)q^{2n} + \frac{49152}{691} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_{11}(n)q^{4n} \\
 &\quad - \frac{15336}{155} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_9(n)q^n - \frac{3672}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_9(n)q^{2n} - \frac{147456}{155} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_9(n)q^{4n} \\
 &\quad + 240 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_7(n)q^n - \frac{223284}{3455} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tau(n)q^n - \frac{21161088}{691} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tau(n)q^{2n} \\
 &\quad + \frac{58349961216}{3455} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tau(n)q^{4n} + 276037632 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f(n)q^n - \frac{748224}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nd(n)q^n \\
 &\quad + \frac{117006336}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nd(n)q^{2n} + \frac{11772}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nc(n)q^n + \frac{3656448}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nc(n)q^{2n},
 \end{aligned}$$

(j)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L(q)L(q^4)M^2(q^4) \\
 &= 1 + \frac{33}{1382} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_{11}(n)q^n + \frac{63}{1382} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_{11}(n)q^{2n} + \frac{65472}{691} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_{11}(n)q^{4n} \\
 &\quad - \frac{9}{9920} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_9(n)q^n - \frac{459}{992} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_9(n)q^{2n} - \frac{245376}{155} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_9(n)q^{4n} \\
 &\quad + 3840 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_7(n)q^{4n} - \frac{116253}{6910} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tau(n)q^n - \frac{332748}{691} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tau(n)q^{2n} \\
 &\quad - \frac{469588224}{3455} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tau(n)q^{4n} - 1078272 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f(n)q^n - \frac{10989}{124} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nd(n)q^n \\
 &\quad - \frac{94176}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nd(n)q^{2n} - \frac{14283}{1984} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nc(n)q^n - \frac{2943}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nc(n)q^{2n},
 \end{aligned}$$

(k)

$$L(q^4)A(q) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^n + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^{2n} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} na(n)q^n.$$

2 Proof of Theorem 1.1

We introduce Proposition 2.1 and Proposition 2.2 to obtain some convolution sum formulae.

Proposition 2.1. (See [7] For $q \in \mathbb{C}$ with $|q| < 1$, we have

(a)

$$L(q)M(q^4) = 4L(q^4)M(q^4) + \frac{1}{336}N(q) + \frac{5}{112}N(q^2) - \frac{64}{21}N(q^4) - \frac{45}{2}A(q),$$

(b)

$$N(q)L(q^2) = \frac{1}{2}L(q)N(q) - \frac{43}{170}M^2(q) + \frac{64}{85}M^2(q^2) - \frac{2016}{17}B(q),$$

(c)

$$L(q)N(q^2) = 2L(q^2)N(q^2) + \frac{1}{85}M^2(q) - \frac{86}{85}M^2(q^2) - \frac{504}{17}B(q),$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned} L(q^4)N(q) &= \frac{1}{4}L(q)N(q) - \frac{16}{85}M^2(q) + \frac{63}{340}M^2(q^2) + \frac{64}{85}M^2(q^4) - \frac{4788}{17}B(q) \\ &\quad - \frac{104832}{17}B(q^2), \end{aligned}$$

(e)

$$\begin{aligned} M(q)M^2(q^4) &= \frac{57}{416}M^3(q) + \frac{515}{104}M^3(q^2) + \frac{13932}{13}M^3(q^4) - \frac{175}{1248}N^2(q) \\ &\quad - \frac{450}{91}N^2(q^2) - \frac{292300}{273}N^2(q^4) + 13824000F(q). \end{aligned}$$

Proposition 2.2. (See ([8], Theorem 1.1)) For $q \in \mathbb{C}$ with $|q| < 1$, we have

(a)

$$\begin{aligned} L(q)L(q^2) &= 1 - 72 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^n + 48 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n - 288 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^{2n} \\ &\quad + 192 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{2n}, \end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned} L(q)L(q^4) &= 1 - 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^n + 12 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n + 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{2n} \\ &\quad - 576 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^{4n} + 192 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{4n}, \end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$L(q)M(q^2) = 1 - 24 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^n + 1440 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^{2n} - 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^{2n},$$

(d)

$$L(q^2)M(q) = 1 + 360 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^n - 120 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^n - 384 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^{2n},$$

(e)

$$\begin{aligned} L(q)L(q^2)L(q^4) &= 1 - 72 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_1(n)q^n + 54 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^n - 6 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^n \\ &\quad - 576 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_1(n)q^{2n} + 684 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^{2n} - 114 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^{2n} \\ &\quad - 4608 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2\sigma_1(n)q^{4n} + 3456 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^{4n} - 384 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^{4n}. \end{aligned}$$

Lemma 2.1. For $q \in \mathbb{C}$ with $|q| < 1$, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
& L(q)L(q^4)N(q^2) \\
&= 1 - \frac{6}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^n - \frac{2034}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^{2n} - \frac{6144}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^{4n} + \frac{36}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^n \\
&\quad + \frac{12096}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^{2n} + \frac{36864}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^{4n} - 1728 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2 \sigma_5(n)q^{2n} \\
&\quad - \frac{14688}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^n + \frac{470016}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^{2n} - \frac{459}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^n \\
&\quad + \frac{14688}{31} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^{2n} - \frac{189}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^n - \frac{6048}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^{2n}.
\end{aligned}$$

Proof. From (1.4) and Proposition 2.2 (b), we observe that

$$\begin{aligned}
& L(q)L(q^4)N(q^2) = L(q)L(q^4) \cdot N(q^2) \\
&= \left(1 - 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^n + 12 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n + 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{2n} - 576 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^{4n} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 192 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{4n} \right) \left(1 - 504 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(m)q^{2m} \right) \\
&= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3(\frac{N}{2}) - 144N\sigma_1(\frac{N}{4}) + 192\sigma_3(\frac{N}{4}) \right. \\
&\quad - 504\sigma_5(\frac{N}{2}) + 36 \cdot 504 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} (N-2m)\sigma_1(N-2m)\sigma_5(m) \\
&\quad - 12 \cdot 504 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} \sigma_3(N-2m)\sigma_5(m) - 36 \cdot 504 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} \sigma_3(\frac{N}{2}-m)\sigma_5(m) \\
&\quad \left. + 576 \cdot 504 \sum_{n<\frac{N}{4}} n\sigma_1(n)\sigma_5(\frac{N}{2}-2n) - 192 \cdot 504 \sum_{n<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3(n)\sigma_5(\frac{N}{2}-2n) \right\} q^N \\
&= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3(\frac{N}{2}) - 144N\sigma_1(\frac{N}{4}) + 192\sigma_3(\frac{N}{4}) \right. \\
&\quad - 504\sigma_5(\frac{N}{2}) + 36 \cdot 504N \cdot T_{5,1}(N) - 36 \cdot 504 \cdot 2 \cdot T_{m,5,1}(N) - 12 \cdot 504 \cdot T_{5,3}(N) \\
&\quad \left. - 36 \cdot 504 \cdot I_{3,5}(\frac{N}{2}) + 576 \cdot 504 \cdot T_{m,1,5}(\frac{N}{2}) - 192 \cdot 504 \cdot T_{3,5}(\frac{N}{2}) \right\} q^N.
\end{aligned}$$

So we refer to Proposition 1.2 (b). □

In ([9], Lemma 3.1 (b)) we can find

$$\sum_{m<\frac{n}{2}} \sigma_1(m)b(n-2m) = -\frac{1}{96} \{32d(n) + c(n) + (3n-4)b(n)\}. \quad (2.1)$$

Lemma 2.2. Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Then we have

(a)

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} \sigma_1(m)b(n-4m) = & -\frac{1}{41664} \left\{ 270848e(n) + 47744d(n) - 1083392d\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right. \\ & \left. + 1085c(n) - 33856c\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 217(3n-8)b(n) \right\}, \end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned} U_{m,1,5}(n) &= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_5(n-4m) \\ &= \frac{1}{274176} \left\{ 42n\sigma_7(n) + 126n\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 512n\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - 204n^2\sigma_5(n) + 136n\sigma_1\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 417792e(n) + 35904d(n) + 561c(n) - 399nb(n) - 8736nb\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

Proof. (a) From Proposition 2.1 (c) we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} L(q)L(q^4)N(q^2) &= L(q)N(q^2) \cdot L(q^4) \\ &= \left(2L(q^2)N(q^2) + \frac{1}{85}M^2(q) - \frac{86}{85}M^2(q^2) - \frac{504}{17}B(q) \right) L(q^4) \\ &= \left\{ 2 \left(1 - 1008 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^{2n} + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{2n} \right) + \frac{1}{85} \left(1 + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{86}{85} \left(1 + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{2n} \right) - \frac{504}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^n \right\} \left(1 - 24 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(m)q^{4m} \right), \end{aligned}$$

where we use (1.2) and (1.6). This shows that

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L(q)L(q^4)N(q^2) \\
 &= \left(1 - 2016 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^{2n} + \frac{8064}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{2n} + \frac{96}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{504}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^n \right) \left(1 - 24 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -1008N\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + \frac{8064}{17}\sigma_7\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + \frac{96}{17}\sigma_7(N) - \frac{504}{17}b(N) - 24\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad + 2016 \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \left(\frac{N}{2} - 2m \right) \sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{2} - 2m\right) \sigma_1(m) \\
 &\quad - \frac{8064}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{2}} \sigma_7\left(\frac{N}{2} - 2m\right) \sigma_1(m) - \frac{96}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_7(N - 4m) \sigma_1(m) \quad (2.2) \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{504}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} b(N - 4m) \sigma_1(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -1008N\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + \frac{8064}{17}\sigma_7\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + \frac{96}{17}\sigma_7(N) - \frac{504}{17}b(N) - 24\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad + 2016 \cdot 24 \cdot \frac{N}{2} \cdot T_{1,5}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 2016 \cdot 24 \cdot 2 \cdot T_{m,1,5}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - \frac{8064}{17} \cdot 24 \cdot T_{1,7}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{96}{17} \cdot 24 \cdot U_{1,7}(N) + \frac{504}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(m)b(N - 4m) \right\} q^N.
 \end{aligned}$$

Thus we equate (2.2) with Lemma 2.1 and we refer to Proposition 1.2 (b).

(b) By (1.2) and (1.12) we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)N(q) &= L(q)N(q) \cdot L(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 - 1008 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^n + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n \right) \left(1 - 24 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -1008N\sigma_5(N) + 480\sigma_7(N) - 24\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad + 1008 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} (N-4m)\sigma_5(N-4m)\sigma_1(m) \\
 &\quad \left. - 480 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_7(N-4m)\sigma_1(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -1008N\sigma_5(N) + 480\sigma_7(N) - 24\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 1008 \cdot 24N \cdot U_{1,5}(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 1008 \cdot 24 \cdot 4 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_5(N-4m) - 480 \cdot 24 \cdot U_{1,7}(N) \right\} q^N. \tag{2.3}
 \end{aligned}$$

On the other hand, by (1.4) and Proposition 2.2 (b), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)N(q) &= N(q) \cdot L(q)L(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 - 504 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^n \right) \left(1 - 36 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_1(m)q^m + 12 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^m \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 36 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{2m} - 576 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_1(m)q^{4m} + 192 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad - 504\sigma_5(N) + 504 \cdot 36 \sum_{m=1}^{N-1} \sigma_5(N-m) \cdot m\sigma_1(m) \\
 &\quad - 504 \cdot 12 \sum_{m=1}^{N-1} \sigma_5(N-m)\sigma_3(m) - 504 \cdot 36 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} \sigma_5(N-2m)\sigma_3(m) \tag{2.4} \\
 &\quad \left. + 504 \cdot 576 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_5(N-4m) \cdot m\sigma_1(m) - 504 \cdot 192 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_5(N-4m)\sigma_3(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad - 504\sigma_5(N) + 504 \cdot 36 \cdot I_{m,1,5}(N) - 504 \cdot 12 \cdot I_{3,5}(N) - 504 \cdot 36 \cdot T_{3,5}(N) \\
 &\quad \left. + 504 \cdot 576 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_5(N-4m) - 504 \cdot 192 \cdot U_{3,5}(N) \right\} q^N.
 \end{aligned}$$

So we equate (2.3) with (2.4) and refer to Proposition 1.1 (c). □

Proof of Theorem 1.1. By (1.4) and (1.5) we note that

$$\begin{aligned}
 L^2(q^4)N(q) &= N(q) \cdot L^2(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 - 504 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^n\right) \left(1 - 288 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_1(m)q^{4m} + 240 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{4m}\right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -72N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 504\sigma_5(N) \right. \\
 &\quad + 504 \cdot 288 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_5(N-4m) \cdot m\sigma_1(m) \\
 &\quad \left. - 504 \cdot 240 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_5(N-4m)\sigma_3(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -72N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 504\sigma_5(N) \right. \\
 &\quad + 504 \cdot 288 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_5(N-4m) - 504 \cdot 240 \cdot U_{3,5}(N) \\
 &\quad \left. \right\} q^N. \tag{2.5}
 \end{aligned}$$

And by Proposition 2.1 (d) we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 L^2(q^4)N(q) &= L(q^4)N(q) \cdot L(q^4) \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{4}L(q)N(q) - \frac{16}{85}M^2(q) + \frac{63}{340}M^2(q^2) + \frac{64}{85}M^2(q^4) - \frac{4788}{17}B(q) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{104832}{17}B(q^2) \right) L(q^4) \\
 &= \left\{ \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - 1008 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^n + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n \right) - \frac{16}{85} \left(1 + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n \right) \right. \\
 &\quad + \frac{63}{340} \left(1 + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{2n} \right) + \frac{64}{85} \left(1 + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{4n} \right) \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{4788}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^n - \frac{104832}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^{2n} \right\} \left(1 - 24 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(m)q^{4m} \right),
 \end{aligned}$$

where we use (1.6) and (1.12). This concludes that

$$\begin{aligned}
& L^2(q^4)N(q) \\
&= \left(1 - 252 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_5(n)q^n + \frac{504}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n + \frac{1512}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{2n} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{6144}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^{4n} - \frac{4788}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^n - \frac{104832}{17} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^{2n} \right) \\
&\quad \times \left(1 - 24 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
&= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -252N\sigma_5(N) + \frac{504}{17}\sigma_7(N) + \frac{1512}{17}\sigma_7(\frac{N}{2}) + \frac{6144}{17}\sigma_7(\frac{N}{4}) - \frac{4788}{17}b(N) \right. \\
&\quad - \frac{104832}{17}b(\frac{N}{2}) - 24\sigma_1(\frac{N}{4}) + 252 \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} (N - 4m)\sigma_5(N - 4m)\sigma_1(m) \\
&\quad - \frac{504}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_7(N - 4m)\sigma_1(m) - \frac{1512}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_7(\frac{N}{2} - 2m)\sigma_1(m) \\
&\quad - \frac{6144}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_7(\frac{N}{4} - m)\sigma_1(m) + \frac{4788}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} b(N - 4m)\sigma_1(m) \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{104832}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} b(\frac{N}{2} - 2m)\sigma_1(m) \right\} q^N \\
&= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -252N\sigma_5(N) + \frac{504}{17}\sigma_7(N) + \frac{1512}{17}\sigma_7(\frac{N}{2}) + \frac{6144}{17}\sigma_7(\frac{N}{4}) - \frac{4788}{17}b(N) \right. \\
&\quad - \frac{104832}{17}b(\frac{N}{2}) - 24\sigma_1(\frac{N}{4}) + 252 \cdot 24N \cdot U_{1,5}(N) \\
&\quad - 252 \cdot 24 \cdot 4 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_5(N - 4m) - \frac{504}{17} \cdot 24 \cdot U_{1,7}(N) \\
&\quad - \frac{1512}{17} \cdot 24 \cdot T_{1,7}(\frac{N}{2}) - \frac{6144}{17} \cdot 24 \cdot I_{1,7}(\frac{N}{4}) + \frac{4788}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(m)b(N - 4m) \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{104832}{17} \cdot 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(m)b(\frac{N}{2} - 2m) \right\} q^N. \tag{2.6}
\end{aligned}$$

So we equate (2.6) with (2.5) and use (2.1) and Lemma 2.2 (a), then we again obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
U_{m,1,5}(n) &= \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_5(n - 4m) \\
&= \frac{1}{59496192} \left\{ 9114n\sigma_7(n) + 27342n\sigma_7(\frac{n}{2}) + 111104n\sigma_7(\frac{n}{4}) - 44268n^2\sigma_5(n) \right. \\
&\quad + 29512n\sigma_1(\frac{n}{4}) + 79458816e(n) + 6390912d(n) + 44808192d(\frac{n}{2}) \\
&\quad \left. + 121737c(n) + 1400256c(\frac{n}{2}) - 86583nb(n) - 1895712nb(\frac{n}{2}) \right\}, \tag{2.7}
\end{aligned}$$

which is the same result of Lemma 2.2 (b). Therefore we equate (2.7) with Lemma 2.2 (b) and we have

$$\frac{143}{6076} \left\{ 8e(n) + d(n) - 32d\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - c\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right\} = 0,$$

so the proof is complete. \square

Remark 2.1. By Theorem 1.1, we can rewrite $U_{1,7}(n)$, $U_{3,5}(n)$, ..., etc. as

$$\begin{aligned} U_{1,7}(n) &= \frac{17}{11904} \sigma_9(n) + \frac{17}{3968} \sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{8}{465} \sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{(8-3n)}{192} \sigma_7(n) - \frac{1}{480} \sigma_1\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \\ &\quad + \frac{433}{248} d(n) - \frac{4232}{31} d\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - \frac{109}{3968} c(n) - \frac{529}{124} c\left(\frac{n}{2}\right), \\ U_{3,5}(n) &= \frac{1}{119040} \sigma_9(n) + \frac{1}{7936} \sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{4}{1953} \sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - \frac{1}{240} \sigma_5(n) + \frac{1}{504} \sigma_3\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \\ &\quad - \frac{27}{496} d(n) + \frac{252}{31} d\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{33}{7936} c(n) + \frac{63}{248} c\left(\frac{n}{2}\right), \\ U_{5,3}(n) &= \frac{1}{1999872} \sigma_9(n) + \frac{1}{31744} \sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{465} \sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - \frac{1}{240} \sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{504} \sigma_3(n) \\ &\quad - \frac{33}{1984} d(n) - \frac{33}{31} d\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - \frac{63}{31744} c(n) - \frac{33}{992} c\left(\frac{n}{2}\right), \\ U_{7,1}(n) &= \frac{1}{3809280} \sigma_9(n) + \frac{17}{253952} \sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{17}{744} \sigma_9\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{(2-3n)}{48} \sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{480} \sigma_1(n) + \frac{407}{15872} d(n) + \frac{109}{248} d\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \frac{529}{253952} c(n) + \frac{109}{7936} c\left(\frac{n}{2}\right), \end{aligned} \tag{2.8}$$

also by the help of Theorem 1.1, the convolution sums in Lemma 2.2 can be rewritten as

$$\sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} \sigma_1(m) b(n-4m) = -\frac{1}{192} \{ 64d(n) + 5c(n) + (3n-8)b(n) \} \tag{2.9}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} U_{m,1,5}(n) &= \frac{1}{274176} \left\{ 42n\sigma_7(n) + 126n\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 512n\sigma_7\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - 204n^2\sigma_5(n) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 136n\sigma_1\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - 16320d(n) + 1671168d\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 561c(n) + 52224c\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - 399nb(n) - 8736nb\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right\}. \end{aligned} \tag{2.10}$$

Finally, by (2.9), we have

$$\begin{aligned} L(q^4)B(q) &= B(q) \cdot L(q^4) \\ &= \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b(n)q^n \right) \left(1 - 24 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(m)q^{4m} \right) \\ &= \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ b(N) - 24 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} b(N-4m)\sigma_1(m) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

and so we conclude that

$$L(q^4)B(q) = 8 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} d(n)q^n + \frac{5}{8} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c(n)q^n + \frac{3}{8} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nb(n)q^n. \quad (2.11)$$

3 The convolution sums $\sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n-4m)$ and their induced identities

Remark 3.1. $U_{7,3}(n)$ has a typo in [3] so we calculate it again. Since

$$\begin{aligned} 240 \cdot 480 \cdot U_{7,3}(N) &= 240 \cdot 480 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_7(m)\sigma_3(N-4m) \\ &= 240 \cdot 480 \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n \right) \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(m)q^{4m} \right) \\ &= (M(q)-1)(M^2(q^4)-1) \\ &= M(q)M^2(q^4) - M(q) - M^2(q^4) + 1, \end{aligned}$$

thus we refer to (1.3), (1.6) and Proposition 2.1 (e). Therefore, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} U_{7,3}(n) &= -\frac{7}{2653440}\sigma_{11}(n) + \frac{1}{176896}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{17}{20730}\sigma_{11}(\frac{n}{4}) - \frac{1}{240}\sigma_7(\frac{n}{4}) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{480}\sigma_3(n) + \frac{369}{176896}\tau(n) + \frac{1641}{22112}\tau(\frac{n}{2}) + \frac{22203}{1382}\tau(\frac{n}{4}) + 120f(n). \end{aligned} \quad (3.1)$$

Proof of Theorem 1.2. (a) From (1.2) and Proposition 2.2 (a), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^2)L(q^4) &= L(q)L(q^2) \cdot L(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 - 72 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^n + 48 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n - 288 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^{2n} + 192 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{2n} \right) \\
 &\quad \times \left(1 - 24 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -72N\sigma_1(N) + 48\sigma_3(N) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 24\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad + 72 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} (N-4m)\sigma_1(N-4m)\sigma_1(m) - 48 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3(N-4m)\sigma_1(m) \\
 &\quad + 288 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \left(\frac{N}{2} - 2m \right) \sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{2} - 2m\right) \sigma_1(m) \\
 &\quad \left. - 192 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2} - 2m\right) \sigma_1(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -72N\sigma_1(N) + 48\sigma_3(N) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 24\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad + 72 \cdot 24N \cdot U_{1,1}(N) - 72 \cdot 24 \cdot 4 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_1(N-4m)\sigma_1(m) \\
 &\quad - 48 \cdot 24 \cdot U_{1,3}(N) + 288 \cdot 24 \cdot \frac{N}{2} \cdot T_{1,1}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 288 \cdot 24 \cdot 2 \cdot T_{m,1,1}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) \\
 &\quad \left. - 192 \cdot 24 \cdot T_{1,3}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) \right\} q^N. \tag{3.2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, equating (3.2) with Proposition 2.2 (e) and also using (1.13), we obtain the proof.

(b) First by (1.2) and (1.8) we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)M(q) &= L(q)M(q) \cdot L(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 + 720 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^n - 504 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^n \right) \left(1 - 24 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 720N\sigma_3(N) - 504\sigma_5(N) - 24\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad - 720 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} (N-4m)\sigma_3(N-4m)\sigma_1(m) \\
 &\quad \left. + 504 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_5(N-4m)\sigma_1(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 720N\sigma_3(N) - 504\sigma_5(N) - 24\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 720 \cdot 24N \cdot U_{1,3}(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 720 \cdot 24 \cdot 4 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_3(N-4m) + 504 \cdot 24 \cdot U_{1,5}(N) \right\} q^N. \tag{3.3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Second by (1.3) and Proposition 2.2 (b), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)M(q) &= M(q) \cdot L(q)L(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 + 240 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n \right) \left(1 - 36 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_1(m)q^m + 12 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^m \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 36 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{2m} - 576 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_1(m)q^{4m} + 192 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3(N) - 240 \cdot 36 \sum_{m=1}^{N-1} \sigma_3(N-m) \cdot m\sigma_1(m) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 240 \cdot 12 \sum_{m=1}^{N-1} \sigma_3(N-m)\sigma_3(m) + 240 \cdot 36 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} \sigma_3(N-2m)\sigma_3(m) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 240 \cdot 576 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3(N-4m) \cdot m\sigma_1(m) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 240 \cdot 192 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3(N-4m)\sigma_3(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 252\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 240 \cdot 36 \cdot I_{m,1,3}(N) + 240 \cdot 12 \cdot I_{3,3}(N) + 240 \cdot 36 \cdot T_{3,3}(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 240 \cdot 576 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_3(N-4m) + 240 \cdot 192 \cdot U_{3,3}(N) \right\} q^N. \tag{3.4}
 \end{aligned}$$

Thus we equate (3.3) with (3.4) and use Proposition 1.1 (b).

(c) By (1.2) and (1.8), we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)M(q^4) &= L(q) \cdot L(q^4)M(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 - 24 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(n)q^n \right) \left(1 + 720 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_3(m)q^{4m} - 504 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 180N\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 504\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 24\sigma_1(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 24 \cdot 720 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(N-4m) \cdot m\sigma_3(m) + 24 \cdot 504 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(N-4m)\sigma_5(m) \right\} q^N \quad (3.5) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 180N\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 504\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 24\sigma_1(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 24 \cdot 720 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_3(m)\sigma_1(N-4m) + 24 \cdot 504 \cdot U_{5,1}(N) \right\} q^N.
 \end{aligned}$$

Also by (1.3) and Proposition 2.2 (b), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)M(q^4) &= L(q)L(q^4) \cdot M(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 - 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^n + 12 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n + 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{2n} - 576 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^{4n} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 192 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{4n} \right) \left(1 + 240 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad + 240\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 36 \cdot 240 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} (N-4m)\sigma_1(N-4m)\sigma_3(m) \\
 &\quad + 12 \cdot 240 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3(N-4m)\sigma_3(m) + 36 \cdot 240 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} \sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}-2m\right)\sigma_3(m) \\
 &\quad - 576 \cdot 240 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} \left(\frac{N}{4} - m \right) \sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4} - m\right)\sigma_3(m) \\
 &\quad \left. + 192 \cdot 240 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} \sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4} - m\right)\sigma_3(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 432\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad - 36 \cdot 240N \cdot U_{3,1}(N) + 36 \cdot 240 \cdot 4 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_3(m)\sigma_1(N-4m) \\
 &\quad + 12 \cdot 240 \cdot U_{3,3}(N) + 36 \cdot 240 \cdot T_{3,3}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 576 \cdot 240 \cdot \frac{N}{4} \cdot I_{1,3}\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \\
 &\quad \left. + 576 \cdot 240 \cdot I_{m,3,1}\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192 \cdot 240 \cdot I_{3,3}\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right\} q^N. \tag{3.6}
 \end{aligned}$$

So we equate (3.5) with (3.6) and refer to Proposition 1.1 (b).

(d) By (1.3) and Proposition 2.2 (d), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q^2)M(q)M(q^4) &= L(q^2)M(q) \cdot M(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 + 360 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_3(n)q^n - 120 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^n - 384 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(n)q^{2n} \right) \\
 &\quad \times \left(1 + 240 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 360N\sigma_3(N) - 120\sigma_5(N) - 384\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + 240\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 360 \cdot 240 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} (N-4m)\sigma_3(N-4m)\sigma_3(m) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 120 \cdot 240 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_5(N-4m)\sigma_3(m) - 384 \cdot 240 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{2}-2m\right)\sigma_3(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 360N\sigma_3(N) - 120\sigma_5(N) - 384\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + 240\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 360 \cdot 240N \cdot U_{3,3}(N) - 360 \cdot 240 \cdot 4 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_3(m)\sigma_3(N-4m) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 120 \cdot 240 \cdot U_{3,5}(N) - 384 \cdot 240 \cdot T_{3,5}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) \right\} q^N.
 \end{aligned} \tag{3.7}$$

And by (1.3) and Proposition 2.2 (c), we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q^2)M(q)M(q^4) &= M(q) \cdot L(q^2)M(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 + 240 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n \right) \\
 &\quad \times \left(1 - 24 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(m)q^{2m} + 1440 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_3(m)q^{4m} - 480 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -24\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + 360N\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 480\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 240 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} \sigma_3(N-2m)\sigma_5(m) + 240 \cdot 1440 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3(N-4m) \cdot m\sigma_3(m) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 240 \cdot 480 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3(N-4m)\sigma_5(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -24\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + 360N\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 480\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 240 \cdot 24 \cdot T_{5,3}(N) + 240 \cdot 1440 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_3(m)\sigma_3(N-4m) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 240 \cdot 480 \cdot U_{5,3}(N) \right\} q^N.
 \end{aligned} \tag{3.8}$$

Thus we equate (3.8) with (3.7) and refer to (2.8).

(e) By (1.2) and (1.12) we observe that

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)N(q^4) &= L(q) \cdot L(q^4)N(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 - 24 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(n)q^n\right) \left(1 - 1008 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_5(m)q^{4m} + 480 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(m)q^{4m}\right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -252N\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 480\sigma_7\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 24\sigma_1(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 24 \cdot 1008 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(N-4m) \cdot m\sigma_5(m) - 24 \cdot 480 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(N-4m)\sigma_7(m) \right\} q^N \quad (3.9) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -252N\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 480\sigma_7\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 24\sigma_1(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 24 \cdot 1008 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_5(m)\sigma_1(N-4m) - 24 \cdot 480 \cdot U_{7,1}(N) \right\} q^N.
 \end{aligned}$$

Similarly, by (1.4) and Proposition 2.2 (b), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)N(q^4) &= L(q)L(q^4) \cdot N(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 - 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^n + 12 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n + 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{2n} - 576 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^{4n} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 192 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{4n} \right) \left(1 - 504 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_5(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad - 504\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 36 \cdot 504 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} (N - 4m)\sigma_1(N - 4m)\sigma_5(m) \\
 &\quad - 12 \cdot 504 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3(N - 4m)\sigma_5(m) - 36 \cdot 504 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2} - 2m\right)\sigma_5(m) \\
 &\quad \left. + 576 \cdot 504 \sum_{n < \frac{N}{4}} n\sigma_1(n)\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{4} - n\right) - 192 \cdot 504 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4} - m\right)\sigma_5(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad - 504\sigma_5\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 36 \cdot 504N \cdot U_{5,1}(N) - 36 \cdot 504 \cdot 4 \sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_5(m)\sigma_1(N - 4m) \\
 &\quad - 12 \cdot 504 \cdot U_{5,3}(N) - 36 \cdot 504 \cdot T_{5,3}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) + 576 \cdot 504 \cdot I_{m,1,5}\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \\
 &\quad \left. - 192 \cdot 504 \cdot I_{3,5}\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right\} q^N. \tag{3.10}
 \end{aligned}$$

Thus we equate (3.9) with (3.10) and use Proposition 1.1 (c) and (2.8).

(f) By (1.2) and (1.10) we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)M^2(q) &= L(q)M^2(q) \cdot L(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 + 720 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_7(n)q^n - 264 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(n)q^n \right) \left(1 - 24 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 720N\sigma_7(N) - 264\sigma_9(N) - 24\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad - 720 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} (N-4m)\sigma_7(N-4m)\sigma_1(m) \\
 &\quad \left. + 264 \cdot 24 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_9(N-4m)\sigma_1(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 720N\sigma_7(N) - 264\sigma_9(N) - 24\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 720 \cdot 24N \cdot U_{1,7}(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 720 \cdot 24 \cdot 4 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_7(N-4m) + 264 \cdot 24 \cdot U_{1,9}(N) \right\} q^N. \tag{3.11}
 \end{aligned}$$

Also by (1.6) and Proposition 2.2 (b) we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
L(q)L(q^4)M^2(q) &= M^2(q) \cdot L(q)L(q^4) \\
&= \left(1 + 480 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(n)q^n \right) \left(1 - 36 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_1(m)q^m + 12 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^m \right. \\
&\quad \left. + 36 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{2m} - 576 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_1(m)q^{4m} + 192 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
&= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
&\quad + 480\sigma_7(N) - 480 \cdot 36 \sum_{m=1}^{N-1} \sigma_7(N-m) \cdot m\sigma_1(m) \\
&\quad + 480 \cdot 12 \sum_{m=1}^{N-1} \sigma_7(N-m)\sigma_3(m) + 480 \cdot 36 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} \sigma_7(N-2m)\sigma_3(m) \\
&\quad \left. - 480 \cdot 576 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_7(N-4m) \cdot m\sigma_1(m) + 480 \cdot 192 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_7(N-4m)\sigma_3(m) \right\} q^N \\
&= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
&\quad + 480\sigma_7(N) - 480 \cdot 36 \cdot I_{m,1,7}(N) + 480 \cdot 12 \cdot I_{3,7}(N) + 480 \cdot 36 \cdot T_{3,7}(N) \\
&\quad \left. - 480 \cdot 576 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_7(N-4m) + 480 \cdot 192 \cdot U_{3,7}(N) \right\} q^N. \tag{3.12}
\end{aligned}$$

So we equate (3.11) with (3.12) and refer to Proposition 1.1 (d) and (2.8).

(g) By (1.2) and (1.10) we note

$$\begin{aligned}
L(q)L(q^4)M^2(q^4) &= L(q) \cdot L(q^4)M^2(q^4) \\
&= \left(1 - 24 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(n)q^n \right) \left(1 + 720 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_7(m)q^{4m} - 264 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_9(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
&= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 180N\sigma_7\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 264\sigma_9\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 24\sigma_1(N) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - 24 \cdot 720 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(N-4m) \cdot m\sigma_7(m) + 24 \cdot 264 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(N-4m)\sigma_9(m) \right\} q^N \tag{3.13} \\
&= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ 180N\sigma_7\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 264\sigma_9\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 24\sigma_1(N) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - 24 \cdot 720 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_7(m)\sigma_1(N-4m) + 24 \cdot 264 \cdot U_{9,1}(N) \right\} q^N.
\end{aligned}$$

Also by (1.6) and Proposition 2.2 (b) we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)M^2(q^4) &= L(q)L(q^4) \cdot M^2(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 - 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^n + 12 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n + 36 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{2n} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 576 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n\sigma_1(n)q^{4n} + 192 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^{4n} \right) \left(1 + 480 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_7(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad + 480\sigma_7\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 36 \cdot 480 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} (N-4m)\sigma_1(N-4m)\sigma_7(m) \\
 &\quad + 12 \cdot 480 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3(N-4m)\sigma_7(m) + 36 \cdot 480 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}-2m\right)\sigma_7(m) \\
 &\quad \left. - 576 \cdot 480 \sum_{n<\frac{N}{4}} n\sigma_1(n)\sigma_7\left(\frac{N}{4}-n\right) + 192 \cdot 480 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}-m\right)\sigma_7(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -36N\sigma_1(N) + 12\sigma_3(N) + 36\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 144N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 192\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right. \\
 &\quad + 480\sigma_7\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 36 \cdot 480N \cdot U_{7,1}(N) + 36 \cdot 480 \cdot 4 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_7(m)\sigma_1(N-4m) \\
 &\quad + 12 \cdot 480 \cdot U_{7,3}(N) + 36 \cdot 480 \cdot T_{7,3}\left(\frac{N}{2}\right) - 576 \cdot 480 \cdot I_{m,1,7}\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \\
 &\quad \left. + 192 \cdot 480 \cdot I_{3,7}\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) \right\} q^N. \tag{3.14}
 \end{aligned}$$

So we equate (3.13) with (3.14) and refer to Proposition 1.1 (d) and (3.1).

□

Now Theorem 1.2 is the based results to induce Theorem 1.3 :

Proof of Theorem 1.3. (a) Insert (2.10) into (2.3).

(b) Insert (2.10) into (2.5).

(c) By (1.2) and (1.5), we note that

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L(q)L^2(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 - 24 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(n)q^n \right) \left(1 - 288 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_1(m)q^{4m} + 240 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -72N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 24\sigma_1(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 24 \cdot 288 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(N-4m) \cdot m\sigma_1(m) - 24 \cdot 240 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(N-4m)\sigma_3(m) \right\} q^N \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -72N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) - 24\sigma_1(N) + 24 \cdot 288 \cdot U_{m,1,1}(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 24 \cdot 240 \cdot U_{3,1}(N) \right\} q^N.
 \end{aligned}$$

Finally, we refer to Theorem 1.2 (a) so we complete $L(q)L^2(q^4)$.

- (d) Insert Theorem 1.2 (b) into (3.3).
- (e) By (1.3) and (1.5), we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 & L^2(q^4)M(q) = M(q) \cdot L^2(q^4) \\
 &= \left(1 + 240 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(n)q^n \right) \left(1 - 288 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} m\sigma_1(m)q^{4m} + 240 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_3(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -72N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 240 \cdot 288 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} \sigma_3(N-4m) \cdot m\sigma_1(m) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + 240 \cdot 240 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{2}} \sigma_3(N-4m)\sigma_3(m) \right\} q^N \tag{3.15} \\
 &= 1 + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left\{ -72N\sigma_1\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3\left(\frac{N}{4}\right) + 240\sigma_3(N) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - 240 \cdot 288 \sum_{m<\frac{N}{4}} m\sigma_1(m)\sigma_3(N-4m) + 240 \cdot 240 \cdot U_{3,3}(N) \right\} q^N.
 \end{aligned}$$

So we insert Theorem 1.2 (b) into (3.15).

- (f) Insert Theorem 1.2 (c) into (3.5).
- (g) Insert Theorem 1.2 (d) into (3.7).
- (h) Insert Theorem 1.2 (e) into (3.9).
- (i) Insert Theorem 1.2 (f) into (3.11).
- (j) Insert Theorem 1.2 (g) into (3.13).

(k) By Proposition 2.1 (a), we can expand Theorem 1.3 (f) as

$$\begin{aligned}
 L(q)L(q^4)M(q^4) &= L(q^4) \cdot L(q)M(q^4) \\
 &= L(q^4) \left(4L(q^4)M(q^4) + \frac{1}{336}N(q) + \frac{5}{112}N(q^2) - \frac{64}{21}N(q^4) - \frac{45}{2}A(q) \right) \\
 &= 4L^2(q^4)M(q^4) + \frac{1}{336}L(q^4)N(q) + \frac{5}{112}L(q^4)N(q^2) - \frac{64}{21}L(q^4)N(q^4) \\
 &\quad - \frac{45}{2}L(q^4)A(q).
 \end{aligned}$$

So we use (1.9), (1.12), Proposition 2.1 (b) and (d). □

Corollary 3.1. Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Then we have

(a)

$$\sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} \sigma_1(m)a(n-4m) = -\frac{1}{48} \left\{ b(n) + 8b\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + (n-2)a(n) \right\},$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum_{\substack{(a,b,c) \in \mathbb{N}^3 \\ a+4b+4c=n}} \sigma_1(a)\sigma_1(b)\sigma_1(c) &= \sum_{k < \frac{n}{4}} \sum_{m=1}^{k-1} \sigma_1(n-4k)\sigma_1(k-m)\sigma_1(m) \\
 &= \frac{1}{9216} \left\{ \sigma_5(n) + 15\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + 320\sigma_5\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) - 4(3n-4)\sigma_3(n) \right. \\
 &\quad - 12(3n-4)\sigma_3\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - 32(21n-13)\sigma_3\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + 8(3n^2-6n+2)\sigma_1(n) \\
 &\quad \left. + 16(12n^2-15n+2)\sigma_1\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + 3a(n) \right\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Proof. (a) By (1.1) and (1.2), we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 24 \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} \left(\sum_{m < \frac{N}{4}} \sigma_1(m)a(N-4m) \right) q^N &= 24 \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a(n)q^n \right) \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(m)q^{4m} \right) \\
 &= A(q) (1 - L(q^4)) \\
 &= A(q) - A(q)L(q^4).
 \end{aligned}$$

So we use Theorem 1.3 (k).

(b) By (1.2), we observe that

$$\begin{aligned}
 13824 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\sum_{\substack{(a,b,c) \in \mathbb{N}^3 \\ a+4b+4c=n}} \sigma_1(a)\sigma_1(b)\sigma_1(c) \right) q^n &= 24^3 \sum_{(a,b,c) \in \mathbb{N}^3} \sigma_1(a)\sigma_1(b)\sigma_1(c)q^{a+4b+4c} \\
 &= \left(24 \sum_{a=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(a)q^a \right) \left(24 \sum_{b=1}^{\infty} \sigma_1(b)q^{4b} \right)^2 = (1 - L(q))(1 - L(q^4))^2 \\
 &= 1 - 2L(q^4) + L^2(q^4) - L(q) + 2L(q)L(q^4) - L(q)L^2(q^4).
 \end{aligned}$$

So appealing to (1.2), (1.5), Theorem 1.3 (c), and Proposition 2.2 (b) we can obtain the proof. \square

4 Conclusions

In this paper, we study some various convolution sum formulae mainly as the form

$$U_{m,e,f}(n) = \sum_{m < \frac{n}{4}} m\sigma_e(m)\sigma_f(n - 4m)$$

for $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and an odd positive integer e and f . In addition we can deduce some identities from these convolution sum formulae $U_{m,e,f}(n)$. Especially, we obtain the coefficient relation as

$$e(n) = -\frac{1}{8} \left\{ d(n) - 32d\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) - c\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) \right\}$$

in Theorem 1.1.

Competing Interests

The author declares that no competing interests exist.

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Appendix

The first twenty values of $\tau(n)$ are given in the Table 1,

n	$\tau(n)$	n	$\tau(n)$	n	$\tau(n)$	n	$\tau(n)$
1	1	6	-6048	11	534612	16	987136
2	-24	7	-16744	12	-370944	17	-6905934
3	252	8	84480	13	-577738	18	2727432
4	-1472	9	-113643	14	401856	19	10661420
5	4830	10	-115920	15	1217160	20	-7109760

TABLE 1. $\tau(n)$ for n ($1 \leq n \leq 20$)

similarly the first twenty values of $a(n)$, $b(n)$, $c(n)$, $d(n)$, $e(n)$, and $f(n)$ are listed in the following tables.

n	$a(n)$	n	$a(n)$	n	$a(n)$	n	$a(n)$
1	1	6	0	11	540	16	0
2	0	7	-88	12	0	17	594
3	-12	8	0	13	-418	18	0
4	0	9	-99	14	0	19	836
5	54	10	0	15	-648	20	0

TABLE 2. $a(n)$ for n ($1 \leq n \leq 20$)

n	$b(n)$	n	$b(n)$	n	$b(n)$	n	$b(n)$
1	1	6	-96	11	1092	16	4096
2	-8	7	1016	12	768	17	14706
3	12	8	-512	13	1382	18	16344
4	64	9	-2043	14	-8128	19	-39940
5	-210	10	1680	15	-2520	20	-13440

TABLE 3. $b(n)$ for n ($1 \leq n \leq 20$)

n	$c(n)$	n	$c(n)$	n	$c(n)$	n	$c(n)$
1	1	6	2496	11	-38996	16	-65536
2	-16	7	-4536	12	39936	17	311442
3	100	8	-4096	13	37806	18	-74448
4	-256	9	23085	14	15232	19	128244
5	-154	10	-13920	15	-146472	20	-222720

TABLE 4. $c(n)$ for n ($1 \leq n \leq 20$)

n	$d(n)$	n	$d(n)$	n	$d(n)$	n	$d(n)$
1	0	6	-156	11	-536	16	4096
2	1	7	112	12	-2496	17	-17472
3	-8	8	256	13	4384	18	4653
4	16	9	-576	14	-952	19	5848
5	32	10	870	15	336	20	13920

TABLE 5. $d(n)$ for n ($1 \leq n \leq 20$)

n	$e(n)$	n	$e(n)$	n	$e(n)$	n	$e(n)$
1	0	6	0	11	67	16	0
2	0	7	-14	12	0	17	2184
3	1	8	0	13	-548	18	0
4	0	9	72	14	0	19	-731
5	-4	10	0	15	-42	20	0

TABLE 6. $e(n)$ for n ($1 \leq n \leq 20$)

n	$f(n)$	n	$f(n)$	n	$f(n)$	n	$f(n)$
1	0	6	8	11	6296	16	388608
2	0	7	44	12	16384	17	756822
3	0	8	192	13	39569	18	1419200
4	0	9	694	14	89424	19	2572328
5	1	10	2208	15	191028	20	4521984

TABLE 7. $f(n)$ for n ($1 \leq n \leq 20$)

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